

Procurement Policy

Reference number	MUAST PP01/2019
Policy owner	Vice Chancellor
Policy administrator	Director, Procurement and Transport
Status	Final
Approved by	Senate
Date of approval	4 June 2019
Accompanying documents	Terms of Reference for Procurement and Transport Policy for Marondera University of Agricultural Sciences and Technology
Review date	2022
Web address of this policy	http://www.muast.ac.zw



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1. Definitions

In this policy:

- 1.1 Accounting Officer means Vice Chancellor;
- **1.2** Act means Public Procurement and Disposal of Public Assets Act (Chapter 22:23);
- **1.3 Authority** means Procurement Regulatory Authority of Zimbabwe;
- **1.4 Bid** means an offer, solicited by a procuring entity in accordance with the Public Procurement and Disposal of Public Assets Act, Chapter (22:23);
- 1.5 Bid security means a monetary assurance given by a bidder and guaranteed by a bank or other third party that- (a) if the bidder withdraws his or her bid before the end of the bidding period; or (b) refuses to sign the procurement contract if selected; the bidder will forfeit the bid security amount to the procuring entity;
- **Bidder** means a potential party to a procurement contract with a procuring entity for the supply of a procurement requirement;
- 1.7 **Bidding document** means a document provided by a procuring entity to bidders and indicating the form in which they are to submit their bids and the information they are to provide in their bids;
- **1.8 Bidding period** means the period described in section 39(1) of the PPDPA Act, within which bids may be submitted;
- 1.9 Challenge means a challenge to procurement proceedings;
- 1.10 Chief Executive Officer means the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority;
- 1.11 Conflict of interest means a situation in which a public officer's personal or family interests may benefit, directly or indirectly, from any conduct on his or her part, or any decision be or she may make, as a public officer;
- 1.12 Consultancy service means a service of an intellectual and advisory nature;
- 1.13 Contractor means a person that enters into a procurement contract with a procuring entity;
- 1.14 Corruption means any conduct that constitutes an offence under Part IX of the Criminal Law (Codification and Reform) Act [Chapter 9:23] or any attempt, conspiracy or incitement to commit such an offence;
- 1.15 Day means a day of the week other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday;
- **1.16 E-procurement** means the procurement of goods; construction works or services through Internet-based information technology;
- 1.17 Evaluation committee means an evaluation committee appointed in terms of section 18 of the Act;
- 1.18 Framework agreement means an agreement between a procuring entity and a bidder (or bidders consisting of two or more competing suppliers of the procurement requirement) to establish the terms and conditions governing procurement contracts to be awarded during a period, in particular with regard to price and, where appropriate, the quantities envisaged;

- 1.19 Goods mean things of any kind or description, including-
 - (a) raw materials, products and equipment; and
 - (b) things in solid, liquid or gaseous form; and
 - (c) electricity; and
 - (d) services incidental to the supply of the goods, where the value of the services does not exceed that of the goods themselves;
- **1.20** Hard copy, in relation to a document, means a document that is written on paper;
- 1.21 Non-consultancy service means a laboring or other service that is performed physically;
- 1.22 Price, in relation to a procurement requirement or procurement contract, means the price paid or to be paid by the procuring entity for the procurement requirement, or the cost of the procurement requirement to the procuring entity;
- 1.23 Procurement means the acquisition by any means of goods, construction works or services
- 1.24 Procurement activities mean any one or more of the totality of the specific activities or tasks required in any way to bring the procurement process to a successful conclusion or to ensure that the process has been conducted in accordance with the Act;
- 1.25 Procurement contract means a contract between a procuring entity and a contractor which results from procurement proceedings;
- **1.26 Procurement management unit** means a procurement management unit established in terms of section 17: of the Act
- 1.27 Procurement notice means a notice published in terms of section 38(2) of the Act;
- 1.28 Procurement proceedings or "procurement process" means all stages or any stage of the procurement of goods, construction works or services conducted by a procuring entity from the pre-bid stage up to and including the award of the contract;
- 1.29 Procuring entity means Marondera University of Agricultural Sciences and Technology
- 1.30 Regulations mean Public Procurement and Disposal of Public Assets (General) Regulations, 2018;
- 1.31 Responsive bid means a bid that meets the requirements of the procuring entity;
- **Service** means a procurement requirement that is performed through a consultancy or non-consultancy service:
- 1.33 University means Marondera University of Agricultural Sciences and Technology
- **1.34** Threshold means a financial limit above or below which certain procurement proceedings may be applied in the Act.

2. Preface

The procurement policy provides the essential information on how procurement shall be handled for various requirements through the use of respective procurement procedures and brief step-by-step procedures for procurement of goods, works and services. This document is intended to guide the University's procurement officials directly involved in the procurement activities. It also intends to help in understanding the procurement processes and to achieve uniformity in procurement processes followed under any specific project. The University's procurement is guided by the Act and Regulations.

3. Scope

The University spends large amounts of money on the procurement of goods, services and works annually. It is essential that procurement is conducted in a consistent, ordered, transparent, responsible and cost effective manner in order to avoid fruitless and wasteful expenditure. The University's funds must be managed responsibly, ensuring that goods and services of the correct quality and quantity are delivered at the right time and place and at fair prices. This policy applies to all procurement activities using funds held or managed by the University, regardless of their source, and including research funds.

4. Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to:

- i. set out the principles and processes that apply with respect to procurement by the University
- ii. ensure that the University's procurement function is carried out within a clearly defined and transparent internal control framework
- iii. ensure that the University's procurement processes comply with relevant legislation and accounting practices, and
- iv. ensure that procurement processes are conducted in a manner that ensures the University maintains a reputation for being fair and unbiased when dealing with suppliers.

5. Accountability

5.1 The Accounting Officer is responsible for the financial administration of the University's affairs. This is in line with the provisions of the Act, for accountability for the use of public funds. This includes a duty to ensure that the procurement of goods, services and works is managed appropriately - the University's actions must therefore be able to demonstrate value for money as well as an open, transparent and non-discriminatory approach to its procurement activity.

- 5.2 Deans of Faculty and Heads of Institutes /Departments are responsible for ensuring that all procurement activity within their authority is carried out in compliance with the, University policy, procedures and ethical standards.
- 5.3 All procurement shall be carried out by the PMU with Deans of Faculty and Heads of Institutes /Department being responsible for provision of correct and complete specification to the PMU as per their requirements.

6. Structure and Operational Responsibilities

- 6.1 The PMU manages all procurement needs of the University's Faculties and Departments, both academic and support services. The PMU seeks to advance the understanding and use of best procurement practice in the University and to work with colleagues to achieve value for money in all University transactions.
- 6.2 All purchasing activities will adhere to a value threshold system, whereby contract value dictates the procurement process. Staff development and training opportunities will be provided for all those involved in purchasing, at whatever level. In addition, this Policy and its supporting Procedures shall be subject to review and assessment by the Audit Committee in discharging its duties relating to assessing internal control systems. Any significant breach of this Policy or the supporting Procedures will be reported immediately to the Accounting Officer who will take appropriate.

7. Legality and Compliance

- 7.1 This section is intended to provide an outline of the law which applies to the University's dealings with companies and other organizations.
- 7.2 It does not cover all legal matters and advice on any legal issues relating to University procurement.
- 7.3 The University's procurement is in compliance with the Act and Regulations and all procurement activities are regulated by the Authority.
- 7.4 However, if the University receives donor funds with specific procurement instructions, procurement will be done as per donor instructions which should also comply with the provisions of the Act and Regulations.

8. Ethics

- 8.1 The University embraces and endorses the highest principles with regard to ethics and has a commitment to observe the highest standards of probity and propriety in all its business transactions.
- **8.2** Any member of University staff involved in the procurement process should promote this commitment by maintaining an unimpeachable standard of integrity in all their business relationships both inside and outside the University.

8.3 The University has also articulated an anti-bribery and corruption statement which prohibits the offering, the giving, the solicitation or the acceptance of any bribe, whether cash or other inducement to or from any person or company, wherever they are situated and whether they are a public official or body or private person or company.

9. Disclosure of Interest

- **9.1** In accordance with the University conflict of interest procedure, all staff are expected to follow the procedures for ad hoc and annual declarations of interest.
- **9.2** This includes disclosing relevant interests in the university's register of interests.
- **9.3** All staff are responsible for ensuring that entries in the register relating to them are kept up to date regularly and promptly.
- 9.4 In particular, any member of staff with the procuring entity must declare any interest held in any company which supplies goods or services to any part of the University or in any company which could be considered as a potential supplier and no person shall be a signatory to a university contract where he or she also has an interest in the activities of the other party.

10. Ethical code for procurement

- Any University employee involved in procurement activities (either as member of staff of the PMU or as a member of staff from other support services or units authorized to conduct purchasing on behalf of the University) must always act ethically, in good faith and in the best interests of the University.
- 10.2 Employees are responsible for obtaining competitive prices and for ensuring the quality of services and products. In addition to the aspects applicable to ethical behavior, the following must also be complied with employees at all times:
 - 10.2.1 Declare in writing any conflict or potential conflict of interest before the University procures;
 - 10.2.2 Goods or services from the staff member or student or from an organization within which the staff member holds:
 - **10.2.3** Avoid the intention or appearance of unethical or compromising practices in relationships, actions and communication with suppliers;
 - Show due care towards the University by complying with the University's policies, meeting all the University's legal instructions and acting only according to delegated authority;
 - 10.2.5 Avoid practicing private business or professional activities that may be in conflict with the interest of the University and may contravene Act or any University policy;

- 10.2.6 Never request money, loans, credit or preferential treatment from a supplier or accept gifts, entertainment, favors or services from a supplier/or potential supplier that may possibly have an effect on the outcome of the procurement decision;
- 10.2.7 Treat confidential information or proprietary information of the University or supplier with the necessary care and with consideration to its legal and ethical implications.
- 10.3 When it is not easy to decide between what is and what is not acceptable in terms of gifts or hospitality, the offer should be declined or advice sought from the relevant head of department or the Director Procurement and Transport.
- 10.4 For the protection of those involved, they will maintain a register of gifts and hospitality offered or received where the value is in excess of US\$100.
- 10.5 Members of staff offering or receiving such gifts or hospitality are obliged to notify the Director Procurement and Transport promptly.

11. Procurement planning

- An annual procurement plan states in general terms states products and services needed for a particular year, when they will be required, their approximate costs and the procurement methods to be used.
- 11.2 The Procurement Plan shall be used as a tool for:
 - 11.2.1 Helping the University allocate resources, estimate workloads, estimate time sensitivity and execute procurement processes in line with the project needs.
 - 11.2.2 Enabling the University to supervise procurements financed from the budget, loan or grant proceeds in an organized and systematic manner.
 - 11.2.3 Keeping stakeholders informed of the business opportunities provided by the University, so as to promote competition among suppliers.
- 11.3 The University shall prepare an annual procurement plan as well as an individual procurement plan (refer to Section 22&23 of the Act) that shall be updated at the beginning of each year, the procurement plan shall be approved by the Accounting Officer before being sent to the Authority by end of the first month of each year.

12. Procurement preparation

- 12.1 For the purposes of any procurement, a procurement management unit shall use only the standard bidding documents that are produced and issued by the Authority.
- A procuring entity shall ensure that, before initiating procurement proceedings, adequate funds have been budgeted and allocated to the procurement, including any funds required for the publication of notices:

- 12.2.1 Provided that the absence of budgeted or allocated funds shall not inhibit a procuring entity from concluding a framework agreement, as long as any carders made in pursuance of such agreement are, on the date of the order, financed by budgeted or allocated funds.
- 12.3 Before initiating proceedings for a procurement contract that will commit the entity to make payments in subsequent financial years, a procuring entity shall—

12.3.1 obtain approval from—

- i. the Minister responsible for finance, where the procuring entity is a Ministry or department of government; or
- ii. such other person as may be prescribed, in any other case; and
- **12.3.2** ensure that funds for the current financial year are budgeted and allocated to the procurement; and
- 12.3.3 ensure that funds for the procurement are included in budgets for subsequent financial years.

13. Procurement Management Unit

- 13.1 The University shall establish a procurement management unit headed by the Accounting officer, which shall be responsible for managing all the entity's procurement activities in accordance with the Act.
- 13.2 The Accounting officer shall determine the size, location and structure of the entity's procurement management unit, taking into account the entity's procurement requirements and the availability of trained and experienced persons to staff the unit. (Refer to Section 17 of the Act)

14. Evaluation Committee

For each procurement above the prescribed threshold, the Accounting officer of a procuring entity shall appoint an evaluation committee in accordance with Section 18 of the Act.

An evaluation committee shall consist of

- one member of the procuring entity's procurement management unit;
- 14.2 (b) at least three other members, including
 - the person responsible for preparing the requirements and additionally, or alternatively, the technical specifications for the procurement concerned, or a person with equivalent technical expertise; and
 - ii. a financial officer of the procuring entity and
 - iii. one or more other members to provide technical, legal, financial or commercial expertise, as appropriate.

- 14.3 The functions of an evaluation committee shall be:
- 14.3.1 Receiving from the procurement management unit the bid opening records and bids; and
- **14.3.2** Evaluating bids and preparing the bid evaluation report and recommendations for award of a contract; and
- 14.3.3 Submitting its evaluation reports to the procurement management unit; and
- 14.3.4 Exercising any other functions conferred or imposed on the committee by the Act.
- 14.3.5 In the exercise of its functions an evaluation committee shall be answerable to the procurement management unit or Accounting officer of the University.

15. Procurement thresholds

- 15.1 The University shall apply for authority to conduct procurement from the Authority (refer to Section 15 of the Act) which is valid for two years and can be renewed for further periods afterwards.
- 15.2 Where the price of the procurement requirement is below:
 - i. two hundred thousand United States dollars, in the case of construction works; or
 - ii. one hundred thousand United States dollars, in the case of goods; or
 - iii. fifty thousand United States dollars, in the case of consultancy and non-consultancy services; the procuring entity shall be responsible for managing their own procurement.
- 15.3 The University may adopt the request for quotations method of procurement (Section 10(2) of the Regulations) where the price of the procurement requirement for items not covered in a framework agreement is below:
 - i. twenty thousand United States dollars, in the case of construction works: or
 - ii. ten thousand United States dollars, in the case of goods: or
 - iii. five thousand United States dollars, in the case of consultancy and non-consultancy services;
- 15.4 Where the price of the procurement requirement is-
 - i. above twenty thousand United States dollars but does not exceed five million United States dollars, in the case of construction works; or
 - ii. above ten thousand United States dollars but does not exceed three hundred thousand United States dollars, in the case of goods; or
 - iii. above five thousand United States dollars but does not exceed two hundred thousand United States dollars, in the case of consultancy and non-consultancy services;
 - iv. the procuring entity may invite only Zimbabwean (domestic) suppliers to bid (Section 10(2) of the Regulations).

15.5 Where the price of the procurement requirement exceeds—

- (a) five million United States dollars, in the case of construction works; or
- (b) three hundred thousand United States dollars, in the case of goods; or
- (c) two hundred thousand United States dollars, in the case of consultancy and non-consultancy services; the procuring entity shall invite bids in accordance with the Act from both Zimbabwean (domestic) and foreign bidders (Section 10(3) of the Regulations).

16. Methods of procurement

The following methods of procurement shall be used by the University:

- a. Two-stage method of competitive bidding.
- b. Pre-qualification in competitive bidding
- c. Restricted bidding method.
- d. Direct procurement method.
- e. Request for quotations method.

Refer to Section 30to 34 of the Act and Section 15 to 17 of the Regulations

17. Methods for procurement of services

The following methods can be used for procurement of consultancy services:

- i. Quality and Cost Based Selection (QCBS)
- ii. Quality Based Selection (QBS)
- iii. Fixed Budget Selection (FBS)
- iv. Least Cost Method (LCS)
- v. Consultant Qualification Based Selection (CQS)
- vi. Single Source Selection (SSS)

Refer to Section 57 to 66 of the Act

18. Notification of contract award

Within one month after awarding a procurement contract, a procuring entity shall

- i. publish a notice of the award in the same manner as it published the procurement notice; and
- ii. send a copy of the notice to the Authority for publication on the Authority's website.

18. Records of procurement proceedings

- **18.1** A procuring entity shall keep a separate record for each procurement, (the "procurement record") which shall be marked with a reference number for easy identification.
- 18.2 The procurement record shall contain accurate copies of all documents and communications related to the procurement concerned and shall include at least the following(a) a description of the procurement requirement; and
 - i. a list of the participating bidders and their qualifications; and
 - ii. any requests for clarifications and any responses thereto; and
 - iii. where applicable, a statement of the reason for choosing a procurement method other than competitive bidding or request for proposals; and
 - iv. the bid prices; and
 - v. a summary of the evaluation of bids; and
 - vi. a summary of any review proceedings, and the resulting decisions; and
- vii. such other information as may be prescribed.

19. Challenge to procurement proceedings

- 19.1 A potential or actual bidder in procurement proceedings who claims to have suffered, or to be likely to suffer, loss or injury due to a breach of a duty imposed on a procuring entity may challenge the procurement proceedings by lodging a written notice with the procuring entity in accordance with this section. (refer to Section 73 of the Act)
- 19.2 Where notice of the award of a contract has not yet been issued, a challenge may be lodged at any stage of the procurement proceedings up to the date on which such notice is issued:
 - Provided that, where the grounds of a challenge concern alleged improprieties in the invitations to bid or to prequalify which have become apparent before bids were opened, the challenge shall be lodged prior to bid opening.
- 19.3 Where notice of the award of a contract has been issued, a challenge may be lodged only within the fourteenday period referred to in section 55(2) or 60(14) of the Act.
- 19.4 A challenge shall not be entertained unless
 - i. in the written notice the bidder has identified the specific act or omission alleged to constitute a breach of duty on the part of the procuring entity; and
 - ii. when lodging the written notice, the bidder deposits with the procuring entity a sum of money in the prescribed amount by way of security for costs.
- 19.5 If the procuring entity concedes that it breached a duty as alleged in the challenge, it shall within five days
 - i. notify the bidder concerned and the Authority of its concession; and

ii. take whatever steps it considers necessary, or as the Authority may direct, to rectify the breach.

20 Payment of invoices

- 20.1 There is a legal requirement to pay suppliers within the time period agreed under the procurement contract.
- 20.2 Where such terms have not been expressly stated, this is normally taken to be payment within 30 days of the invoice date.
- 20.3 The supplier is entitled to charge interest on outstanding amounts due beyond the agreed payment period.

21 Disposal of Assets

- 21.1 The Accounting officer shall be responsible for ensuring that the procuring entity disposes of its public assets that are unserviceable, obsolete or surplus.
- 21.2 Disposal committee; A procuring entity shall establish a disposal committee for the purpose of recommending the best method of disposing of unserviceable, obsolete or surplus public assets. (Refer to Section 91of the Act).
- 21.3 Restriction on disposal of assets to employees, etc.
 - Except in such circumstances and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, a procuring entity shall not dispose of an unserviceable, obsolete or surplus asset to any of its employees or to a member of its board or any of its committees (Refer to Section 93 of the Act).